

Maxalac[®] L.C. Intramammary Antibiotic



Active Constituent

Each syringe contains 250 mg cefuroxime (as cefuroxime sodium).

Actions

MAXALAC® L.C. is indicated for the treatment of clinical mastitis in milking cows. It is an intramammary infusion containing cefuroxime in a quick-release oily base. The base disperses readily in milk and allows rapid distribution of high levels of antibiotic in both milk and tissues of treated quarters.

Cefuroxime sodium is a second generation, semi-synthetic cephalosporin antibiotic which is resistant to degradation by beta-lactamase enzymes produced by both Gram-positive and Gram-negative mastitis pathogens.

Indications

For the treatment of clinical mastitis caused by the following pathogens: Staphylococcus spp., Staphylococcus aureus, including penicillin resistant spp., Streptococcus agalacatiae, Streptococcus dysgalactiae, Streptococcus uberis, Escherichia coli, Corynebacterium spp. (including Arcanobacterium pyogenes). The antibiotic, cefuroxime, is also active against other organisms recovered from the bovine udder including Klebsiella spp., Citrobacter spp., Enterobacter spp. and Micrococcus spp.

MAXALAC® L.C. is therefore suitable for the treatment of clinical mastitis caused by all the major mastitis pathogens.

Restraints

Milk for human consumption must not be taken from a cow during treatment.

Precautions

Any variation by the prescribing veterinarian to the approved dose, frequency, duration, route, disease or target species may require extending the approved withholding period. Wear sanitised rubber gloves when applying.

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Withholding Periods

Milk: Milk taken from cows within 72 hours (6 milkings) following last treatment MUST NOT BE USED for human consumption or supplied for processing. This milk should not be fed to bobby calves.

Meat: DO NOT USE less than 7 days before slaughter for human consumption.

Trade Advice

Export Slaughter Interval (ESI): This product does not have an ESI established. For advice on the ESI, contact AVet Health on 1300 28 38 28 before using the product.

Dosage and Administration

Wear gloves when infusing the treatment.

Before infusion the teat should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected.

The contents of one syringe should be infused into the teat canal of each infected quarter every 12 hours, after each of three successive milkings.

- 1. After milking is complete, thoroughly clean and disinfect the end of the teat (e.g. with cotton wool soaked in alcohol).
- 2. Hold the barrel of the syringe firmly in one hand and gently twist and pull the protective cap in a straight line to remove it, taking care not to contaminate the nozzle.
- 3. Insert the nozzle fully into the teat canal and apply steady pressure on the syringe plunger until the full dose has been delivered.

 Holding the end of the teat with one hand, gently massage upwards with the other to aid dispersion of the antibiotic into the quarter.
- 4. After infusion it is advisable to dip the teat into an antiseptic preparation specifically designed for this purpose.

First Aid

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 1126.

Presentation

Syringe containing 3 grams.

Box of 20 syringes.

Storage

Store below 30°C (room temperature).

GHS Information

See Safety Data Sheet for GHS information.

Poisons Schedule

S4.

Registration Number

APVMA No. 59528

