

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name WAGG & PURR ORANGE / IMIDACLOPRID & MOXIDECTIN SPOT-ON FOR DOGS

Synonyms WAGG & PURR DOGS 10-25KG FLEAS, HEARTWORM & WORMS SPOT-ON ● WAGG & PURR DOGS

4-10KG FLEAS, HEARTWORM & WORMS SPOT-ON • WAGG & PURR DOGS OVER 25KG FLEAS, HEARTWORM & WORMS SPOT-ON • WAGG & PURR PUPPIES AND SMALL DOGS UP TO 4KG FLEAS,

HEARTWORM & WORMS SPOT-ON

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses VETERINARY APPLICATIONS

VETERINARY ANTIPARASITIC (ENDECTOCIDE)

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name AVET HEALTH PTY LTD

Address Level 16, 414 La Trobe Street, Melbourne , VIC, 3000, AUSTRALIA

Telephone 1300 283 828
Website www.avet.health

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency number 1300 283 828

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

Physical Hazards

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

Health Hazards

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 4

Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A

Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Category 4

Environmental Hazards

Aquatic Toxicity (Acute): Category 1 Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic): Category 2

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word WARNING

Pictograms





Hazard statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H332 Harmful if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Prevention statements

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response statements

P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage statements

None allocated

Disposal statements

None allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content
BENZYL ALCOHOL	100-51-6	202-859-9	>60%
NON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	Not Available	Not Available	10 to 30%
IMIDACLOPRID	138261-41-3	428-040-8	10%
MOXIDECTIN	113507-06-5	-	2.5%

Ingredient Notes

Imidacloprid is a neonicotinoid: 1-(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)methyl-N-nitro-2-imidazoldimine.

Moxidectin is a milbemycin derivative: (2aE, 4E, 5'R, 6R, 6'S, 8E, 11R, 13S, 15S, 17aR, 20R, 20aR, 20bS)-6'-[(E)-1,2-Dimethyl-1-butenyl]-5', 6, 6', 7, 10, 11, 14, 15, 17a, 20, 20a, 20b-dodecahydro-20, 20b-dihydroxy-5', 6, 8, 19-tetramethylspiro[11, 15-methano-2H, 13H,

17H-furo[4,3,2-pq][2,6]benzodioxacyclooctadecin-13,2'-[2H]pyrano-4',17(3'H)-dione, 4'-(E)-(O-methyloxime)

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eve If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing for at least 15

minutes and seek medical advice.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Skin

Continue flushing with water for 10 minutes or until chemical is removed. If skin reactions occur, contact a

doctor.

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If Ingestion

swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

First aid facilities Eye wash facilities should be available.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This product is used in veterinary applications. Due to the nature of use, adverse health effects are not anticipated with normal use. Refer to medical doctor/specialist for advice regarding adverse side effects.

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4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

The formulation is extremely bitter and unlikely to be swallowed in significant quantity.

Imidacloprid is a chloronicotinyl compound (syn. neonicotinoid) which displays high affinity for the acetylcholine site of the nicotinic acetylcholine receptor in the insect central nervous system. In insects, imidacloprid interferes with the acetylcholine-mediated transmission of nerve impulses and is an antagonist, as it depolarises the neuron. Imidacloprid interacts selectively with insect nicotinic acetylcholine receptors, while its potential to interact with mammalian receptors is much less.

The mode of action of moxidectin, a milbemycin derivative, is similar to the mode of action of ivermectin and abamectin. Moxidectin stimulates the release of GABA and increases its binding to post-synaptic receptors. This results in an opening of the post-synaptic chloride channels and allows influx of chloride ions and induction of an irreversible resting state. Under these condition, there is inhibition of transmission of inhibitory signals from interneurons to motorneurons. Moxidectin is closely related to the avermectins where there is experience from the medical use of avermectin in man.

Apply basic aid and decontamination procedures. Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition. May evolve hydrogen chloride, hydrogen cyanide and nitrogen oxides when heated to decomposition.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

5.4 Hazchem code

•3Z

- Alcohol Resistant Foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal foam can be used.
- Z Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, preferably flammables store, removed from direct sunlight, incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation and fire protection systems. Store as a Class C2 Combustible Liquid (AS1940). Store between 0°C and 30°C.

7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical explosion proof **Engineering controls**

extraction ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Wear splash-proof goggles. Eye / Face Wear butyl or viton® gloves. Hands **Body** Wear coveralls and rubber boots.

Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If spraying, wear a Type A-Class Respiratory

P1 (Organic gases/vapours and Particulate) respirator or an Air-line respirator.









9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance CLEAR YELLOW TO BROWN LIQUID

Odour SLIGHT ODOUR

Flammability CLASS C2 COMBUSTIBLE

Flash point > 100°C

Boiling point NOT AVAILABLE Melting point NOT AVAILABLE Evaporation rate NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE pН Vapour density **NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE** Specific gravity SOLUBLE Solubility (water)

NOT AVAILABLE Vapour pressure **Upper explosion limit NOT AVAILABLE** Lower explosion limit **NOT AVAILABLE Partition coefficient NOT AVAILABLE**

415°C **Autoignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature NOT AVAILABLE NOT AVAILABLE Viscosity **NOT AVAILABLE Explosive properties NOT AVAILABLE** Oxidising properties **Odour threshold** NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

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10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid shock, friction, heavy impact, heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

No information provided.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve carbon oxides and hydrocarbons when heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. This product is used in veterinary applications. Use safe work practices to avoid eye contact, prolonged skin contact and ingestion. Refer to medical doctor/specialist for advice regarding adverse side effects.

Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
BENZYL ALCOHOL	1230 mg/kg (rat)	2000 mg/kg (rabbit)	> 4178 mg/L (rat) (AICIS)
IMIDACLOPRID	410 mg/kg (rat)	5000 mg/kg (rat)	5323 mg/m³ (rat)
MOXIDECTIN	42-84 mg/kg (mouse); 106 mg/kg (rat)		

Skin Contact may result in drying and defatting of the skin, rash and dermatitis.

Eye Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain and redness. Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation. Sensitisation

Not classified as a mutagen. Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity Not classified as a carcinogen.

Reproductive Not classified as a reproductive toxin. However, animal studies have shown that exposure to high

exposure may result in dizziness, drowsiness, breathing difficulties and unconsciousness.

concentrations of moxidectin may produce toxic human reproductive or developmental effects on or via

Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea and headache. High level

lactation and is a suspected human reproductive or developmental toxicants.

STOT - single

exposure

STOT - repeated

exposure

Aspiration

Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure.

Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal Wearing the protective equipment outlined, ensure all ignition sources are extinguished. For small quantities,

absorb on paper, sand or similar and evaporate under a fume cupboard or open area. For large volumes, atomise into incinerator (mixing with more flammable solvent if required) or recycle by gravimetric separation,

distilling & reusing. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required).

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	3082	3082	3082
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains imidacloprid)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains imidacloprid)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Contains imidacloprid)
14.3 Transport hazard class	9	9	9
14.4 Packing Group	III	III	III

14.5 Environmental hazards

Marine Pollutant.

14.6 Special precautions for user

 Hazchem code
 ●3Z

 GTEPG
 9C1

 EmS
 F-A. S-F

Other information The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in packages of less

than 5 kg/L (UN Model Regulations: Special Provision 375; IATA: Special Provision A197; IMDG:

Special Provision 969) or less than 500 kg/L by Australian Road and Rail.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Poison schedule Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

Classifications Safework Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and

Labelling of Chemicals.

Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)

All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information

EXPOSURE STANDARDS - TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGES: Exposure standards are established on the premise of an 8 hour work period of normal intensity, under normal climatic conditions and where a 16 hour break between shifts exists to enable the body to eliminate absorbed contaminants. In the following circumstances, exposure standards must be reduced: Strenuous work conditions; hot, humid climates; high altitude conditions; extended shifts (which increase the exposure period and shorten the period of recuperation).

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WORK PRACTICES - SOLVENTS: Organic solvents may present both a health and flammability hazard. It is recommended that engineering controls should be adopted to reduce exposure where practicable (for example, if using indoors, ensure explosion proof extraction ventilation is available). Flammable or combustible liquids with explosive limits have the potential for ignition from static discharge. Refer to AS 1020 (The control of undesirable static electricity) and AS 1940 (The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids) for control procedures.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

CAS # Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds

CNS Central Nervous System

EC No. EC No - European Community Number

EMS Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous

Goods)

GHS Globally Harmonized System

GTEPG Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LC50 Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration

LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose

mg/m³ Milligrams per Cubic Metre
OEL Occupational Exposure Limit

pH relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly

alkaline).

ppm Parts Per Million

STEL Short-Term Exposure Limit

STOT-RE Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)
STOT-SE Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

SWA Safe Work Australia
TLV Threshold Limit Value
TWA Time Weighted Average

Report status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

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